





# **SNPP NUCAPS Validation Status:** T/H<sub>2</sub>O/O<sub>3</sub>

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  - World Ozone and Ultraviolet Radiation Data Centre (WOUDC) data contributors (DWD-GRUAN, & INPE, & KNMI, & NASA-WFF, & SMNA. http://www.woudc.org
  - SHADOZ: Southern Hemisphere Additional Ozonesondes (A. Thompson et al.)
- The NOAA Joint Polar Satellite System (JPSS-STAR) Office (M. D. Goldberg, L. Zhou, et al.) and the NOAA/STAR Satellite Meteorology and Climatology Division.
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# **Outline**





# JPSS Sounder EDR Cal/Val Overview

- JPSS Level 1 Requirements
- Validation Hierarchy recap
- NUCAPS Algorithm
  - v1.5, CrIS Nominal Spectral Resolution (NSR)
  - v2.0 Phase 4, CrIS Full Spectral Resolution (FSR)

# SNPP NUCAPS Algorithm Validation Status

- v1.5, CrIS NSR
  - AVTP and AVMP versus Global Radiosondes
  - IR Ozone Profile EDR versus Global Ozonesondes
- v2.0 Phase 4, CrIS FSR
  - IR+MW Results
  - IR-Only Algorithm Results







**SNPP NUCAPS Validation** 

# JPSS SOUNDER EDR CAL/VAL OVERVIEW

# **SNPP/JPSS Program Cal/Val**



- JPSS Cal/Val Phases
  - Pre-Launch
  - Early Orbit Checkout (EOC)
  - Intensive Cal/Val (ICV)
    - Validation of EDRs against multiple correlative datasets
  - Long-Term Monitoring (LTM)
    - Routine characterization of all EDR products and long-term demonstration of performance



- Well-established sounder EDR validation methodology is based upon AIRS and IASI (Nalli et al., 2013, JGR Special Section on SNPP Cal/Val)
  - Classification of various approaches into a "Validation Methodology Hierarchy"
- The J-1 sounder EDR Cal/Val Plan was submitted on 31 Dec 2015
  - We are ready for the J-1 launch scheduled for November 2017

# **Validation Methodology Hierarchies**





### T/H<sub>2</sub>O/O<sub>3</sub> Profiles

(e.g., Nalli et al., JGR Special Section, 2013)

#### 1. Numerical Model (e.g., ECMWF, NCEP/GFS) Global Comparisons

- Large, truly global samples acquired from Focus Days
- Useful for sanity checks, bias tuning and regression
- Limitation: Not independent truth data

#### 2. Satellite Sounder EDR (e.g., AIRS, ATOVS, COSMIC) *Intercomparisons*

- Global samples acquired from Focus Days (e.g., AIRS)
- Limitation: Similar error characteristics

#### 3. Conventional PTU/O3 Sonde Matchup Assessments

- WMO/GTS operational sondes or O3-sonde network (e.g., SHADOZ)
- Representation of global zones, long-term monitoring
- Large samples after a couple months (e.g., Divakarla et al., 2006; Reale et al. 2012)
- Limitations: Skewed distributions; mismatch errors; non-uniform radiosondes, assimilated into NWP

#### 4. Dedicated/Reference PTU/O3 Sonde Matchup Assessments

- Dedicated for the purpose of satellite validation
- Reference sondes: CFH, GRUAN corrected RS92/RS41
- E.g., ARM sites (e.g., Tobin et al., 2006), AEROSE, CalWater/ACAPEX, BCCSO, PMRF
- Limitation: Small sample sizes, geographic coverage

#### 5. Intensive Field Campaign *Dissections*

- Include dedicated sondes, some not assimilated into NWP models
- Include ancillary datasets, ideally funded aircraft campaign(s)
- E.g., SNAP, SNPP, AEROSE, CalWater, JAIVEX, AWEX-G, EAQUATE

#### **Carbon Trace Gases**

#### 1. Numerical Model Global *Comparisons*

- Examples: ECMWF, NCEP/GFS
- Large, truly global samples acquired from Focus Days
- Limitation: Not independent truth data

#### 2. Satellite Sounder EDR *Intercomparisons*

- Examples: AIRS, OCO-2, MLS
- Global samples acquired from Focus Days (e.g., AIRS)
- Limitation: Similar error characteristics

#### 3. Surface-Based Network Matchup Assessments

- Total Carbon Column Observing Network (TCCON) spectrometers (Wunch et al. 2010, 2011)
- AirCore balloon-borne in situ profile measurements (Membrive et al. 2017)
- Provide routine independent measurements representing global zones akin to RAOBs
- Limitations: Small sample sizes, uncertainties in unit conversions, different sensitivities to atmospheric layers

#### 4. Intensive Field Campaign In Situ Data Assessments

- Include ancillary datasets, ideally funded aircraft campaign(s)
- E.g., ATom, ACT-America, FIREX, HIPPO

# JPSS Specification Performance Requirements CrIS/ATMS AVTP/AVMP EDR Uncertainty





CrIS/ATMS Atmospheric Vertical Temperature Profile (AVTP)  Measurement Uncertainty – Layer Average Temperature Error					
PARAMETER	THRESHOLD	OBJECTIVE			
AVTP, Cloud fraction < 50%, surface to 300 hPa	1.6 K / 1-km layer	0.5 K / 1-km layer			
AVTP, Cloud fraction < 50%, 300–30 hPa	1.5 K / 3-km layer	0.5 K / 3-km layer			
AVTP, Cloud fraction < 50%, 30–1 hPa	1.5 K / 5-km layer	0.5 K / 5-km layer			
AVTP, Cloud fraction < 50%, 1–0.5 hPa	3.5 K / 5-km layer	0.5 K / 5-km layer			
<b>AVTP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, surface to 700 hPa	2.5 K / 1-km layer	0.5 K / 1-km layer			
<b>AVTP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, 700–300 hPa	1.5 K / 1-km layer	0.5 K / 1-km layer			
<b>AVTP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, 300–30 hPa	1.5 K / 3-km layer	0.5 K / 3-km layer			
<b>AVTP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, 30–1 hPa	1.5 K / 5-km layer	0.5 K / 5-km layer			
<b>AVTP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, 1–0.5 hPa	3.5 K/ 5-km layer	0.5 K/ 5-km layer			

"Clear to Partly-Cloudy"
(Cloud Fraction < 50%)

\$\text{\$\text{IR retrieval}}\$

"Cloudy"
(Cloud Fraction >= 50%)

MW-only retrieval

CrIS/ATMS Atmospheric Vertical Moisture Profile (AVMP)  Measurement Uncertainty – 2-km Layer Average Mixing Ratio % Error						
PARAMETER	THRESHOLD	OBJECTIVE				
AVMP, Cloud fraction < 50%, surface to 600 hPa	Greater of 20% or 0.2 g·kg-1 / 2-km layer	10%				
AVMP, Cloud fraction < 50%, 600–300 hPa	Greater of 35% or 0.1 g·kg <sup>-1</sup> / 2-km layer	10%				
AVMP, Cloud fraction < 50%, 300–100 hPa	Greater of 35% or $0.1\mathrm{g\cdot kg^{-1}}$ / 2-km layer	10%				
<b>AVMP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, surface to 600 hPa	Greater of 20% of 0.2 g·kg <sup>-1</sup> / 2-km layer	10%				
<b>AVMP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, 600–400 hPa	Greater of 40% or 0.1 g $\mathrm{kg^{\text{-}1}}/$ 2-km layer	10%				
<b>AVMP</b> , Cloud fraction ≥ 50%, 400–100 hPa	Greater of 40% or $0.1\mathrm{g\cdot kg^{-1}}$ / 2-km layer	NS				

Global requirements defined for lower and upper atmosphere subdivided into 1-km and 2-km layers for AVTP and AVMP, respectively.

Source: (L1RD, 2014, pp. 41, 43)

# JPSS Specification Performance Requirements CrIS Trace Gas EDR Uncertainty (O<sub>3</sub>, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>)





CrIS Infrared Trace Gases Specification Performance Requirements						
PARAMETER	THRESHOLD	OBJECTIVE				
O <sub>3</sub> (Ozone) Profile Precision, 4–260 hPa (6 statistic layers)	20%	10%				
O <sub>3</sub> (Ozone) Profile Precision, 260 hPa to sfc (1 statistic layer)	20%	10%				
O <sub>3</sub> (Ozone) Profile Accuracy, 4–260 hPa (6 statistic layers)	±10%	±5%				
O <sub>3</sub> (Ozone) Profile Accuracy, 260 hPa to sfc (1 statistic layer)	±10%	±5%				
O <sub>3</sub> (Ozone) Profile Uncertainty, 4–260 hPa (6 statistic layers)	25%	15%				
O <sub>3</sub> (Ozone) Profile Uncertainty, 260 hPa to sfc (1 statistic layer)	25%	15%				
CO (Carbon Monoxide) Total Column Precision	35%, or full res mode 15%	3%				
CO (Carbon Monoxide) Total Column Accuracy	±25%, or full res mode ±5%	±5%				
CO <sub>2</sub> (Carbon Dioxide) Total Column Precision	0.5% (2 ppmv)	1.05 to 1.4 ppmv				
CO <sub>2</sub> (Carbon Dioxide) Total Column Accuracy	±1% (4 ppmv)	NS				
CH <sub>4</sub> (Methane) Total Column Precision	1% (≈20 ppbv)	NS				
CH <sub>4</sub> (Methane) Total Column Accuracy	±4% (≈80 ppmv)	NS				

Source: (L1RD, 2014, pp. 45-49)

# NOAA Unique Combined Atmospheric Processing System (NUCAPS) Algorithm (1/2)



**NUCAPS AVMP** 



### Operational algorithm

- NOAA Enterprise Algorithm for CrIS/IASI/AIRS (Susskind, Barnet and Blaisdell, IEEE 2003; Gambacorta et al., 2014)
- Global non-precipitating conditions
- Atmospheric Vertical Temperature , Moisture Profiles (AVTP, AVMP)
- Trace gases ( $\mathbf{O_3}$ , CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, CH<sub>4</sub>)

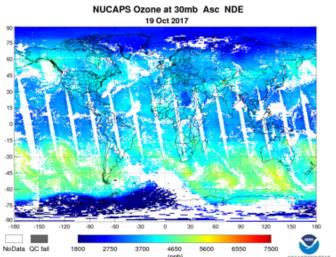
#### Users

- Weather Forecast Offices (AWIPS)
  - Nowcasting / severe weather
  - Alaska (cold core)
- NOAA/CPC (OLR)
- NOAA/ARL (IR ozone, trace gases)
- NOAA TOAST product (IR ozone EDR)
- Basic and applied science research (e.g., Pagano et al., 2014)
  - Via NOAA Data Centers (e.g., CLASS)
  - Universities, peer-reviewed pubs

#### **NUCAPS AVTP**

# 

#### NUCAPS IR O<sub>3</sub>



Long Term Monitoring
http://www.star.neddis.noaa.gov/jpss/EDRs/products\_Soundings.php

# NOAA Unique Combined Atmospheric Processing System (NUCAPS) Algorithm (2/2)





### **NUCAPS Offline Code Versioning**

- Version 1.5
  - Operational system beginning in September 2013
  - Runs on CrIS nominal spectral-resolution (NSR) data
  - Validated Maturity for AVTP/AVMP EDR attained Sep 2014
- Versions 1.8.x to 1.9.x
  - Preliminary offline experimental algorithms in preparation for CrIS full-spectral (FSR) resolution data
  - Ad hoc CrIS full-resolution radiative transfer algorithm (RTA) and bias correction coefficients
- Version 2.0 (Phase 4)
  - Uses UMBC CrIS full-res (FSR) RTA (L. Strow et al.)
  - Includes IR-only version (risk-mitigation for ATMS loss)
  - Phase 4 Algorithm Readiness Review (ARR) delivered on 6 July 2017
    - Draft ATBD delivered August 2017
    - Code currently being delivered and transitioned into operations







**SNPP NUCAPS Validation** 

# **NUCAPS V1.5 NSR VALIDATION REVIEW**

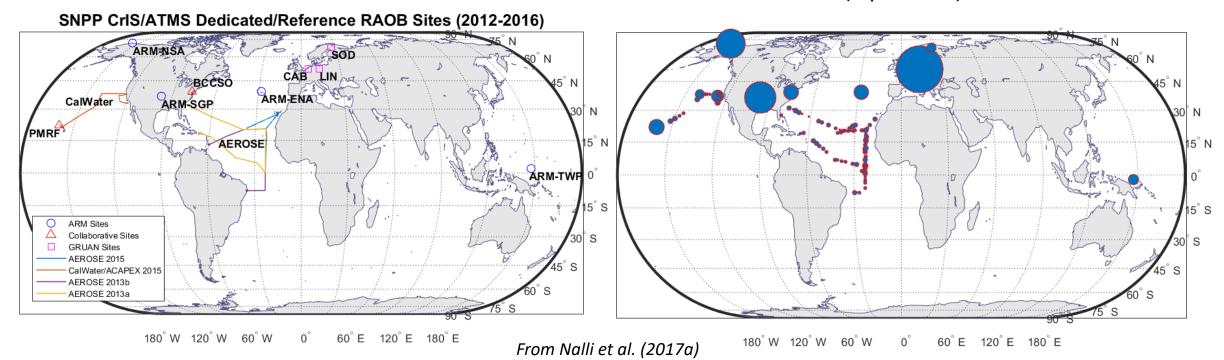
# SNPP NUCAPS (NSR v1.5) Dedicated/Reference RAOB Collocation Sample





#### JPSS SNPP-Dedicated and GRUAN Reference RAOB Sites

# Geographic Sample Histogram (Equal Area)



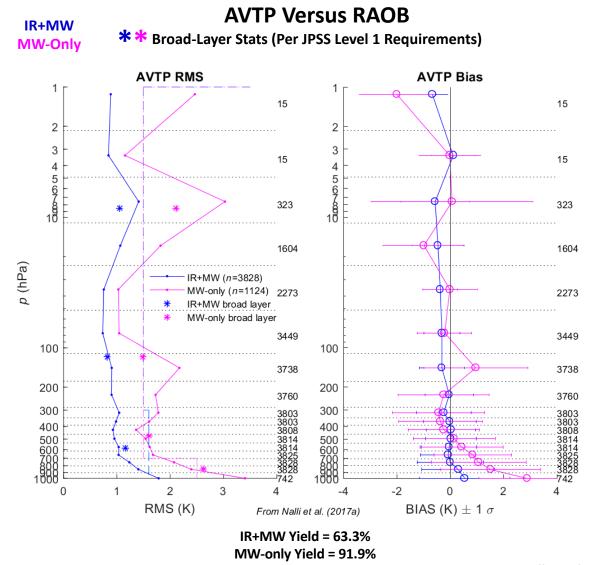
FOR Collocation Criteria  $\delta x \le 75 \text{ km}, -60 < \delta t < 0 \text{ min}$ 

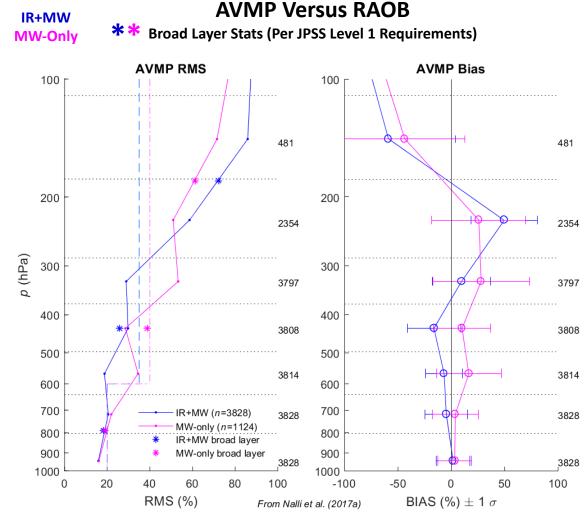
Collocations of CrIS/ATMS granules facilitated via NPROVS+ system

# NUCAPS v1.5 NSR IR+MW T/H<sub>2</sub>O Coarse-Layer Statistics **Dedicated/Reference RAOB Collocation Sample**









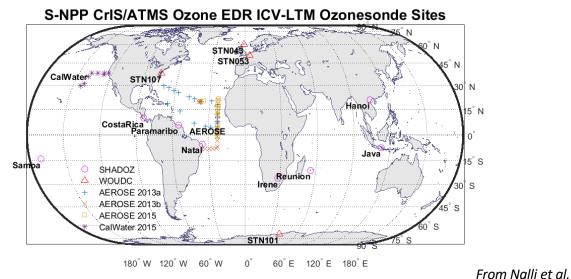
# SNPP NUCAPS (NSR v1.5) Dedicated/Reference Ozonesonde Collocation Sample





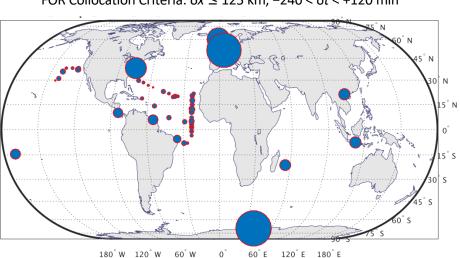
### **Collocated Ozonesondes** for O<sub>3</sub> **Profile EDR**

- **Dedicated Ozonesondes** 
  - NOAA AEROSE (Nalli et al. 2011)
  - CalWater/ACAPEX 2015
- **Sites of Opportunity** 
  - **SHADOZ** (*Thompson et al.* 2007)
    - Costa Rica
    - Hanoi
    - Irene
    - Java
    - Natal
    - Paramaribo
    - Reunion
    - American Samoa
  - WOUDC
    - STN043
    - STN053
    - STN107
    - STN101



### **Geographic Sample Histogram (Equal Area)**

(2017b) FOR Collocation Criteria:  $\delta x \le 125$  km,  $-240 < \delta t < +120$  min



# **NUCAPS IR Ozone Profile Coarse-Layer Statistics**

### **NSR (v1.5) versus Global Ozonesondes**



2495

5436

5605

5821

5940

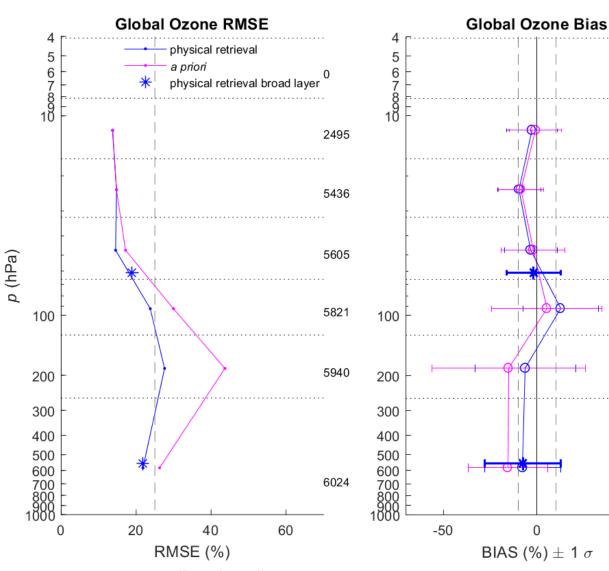
6024

50



### Retrieval and A Priori

**IR+MW Yield = 62.2%** 



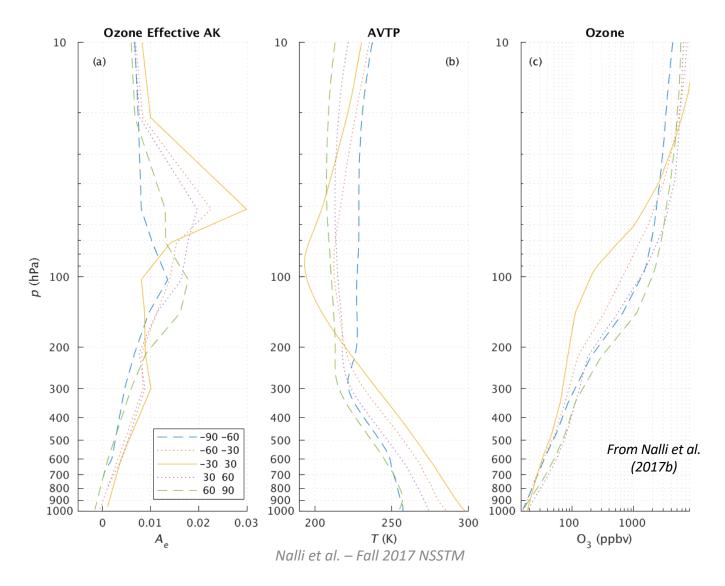
From Nalli et al. (2017b)

Nalli et al. – Fall 2017 NSSTM

# **NUCAPS IR Ozone Zonal Mean Sensitivity**



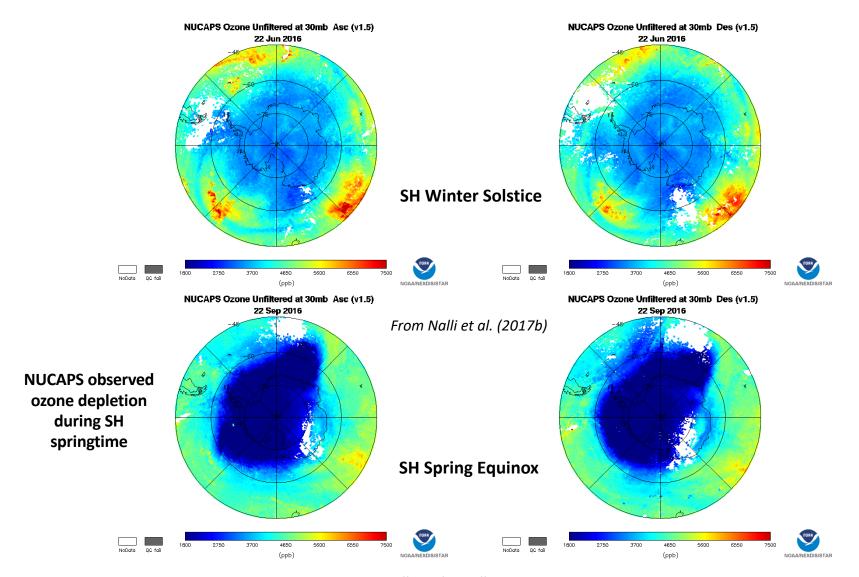
#### NUCAPS v1.5 - Focus Day 17-Feb-2015 Zonal Means



### **NUCAPS IR Ozone Profile EDR: Ozone Hole Over Antarctica**











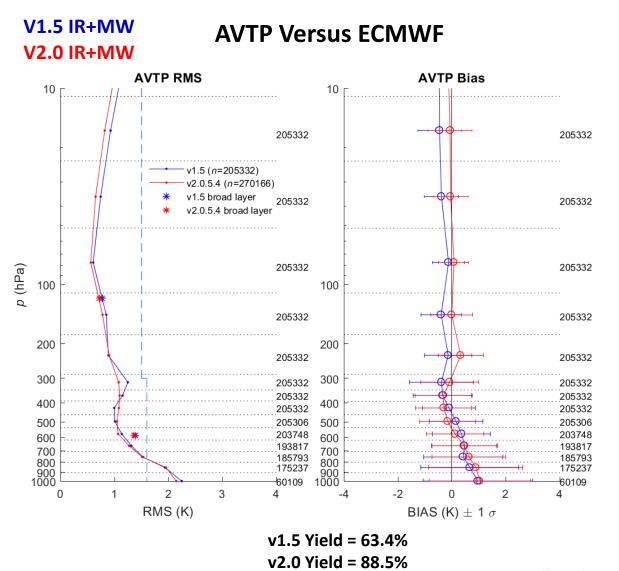


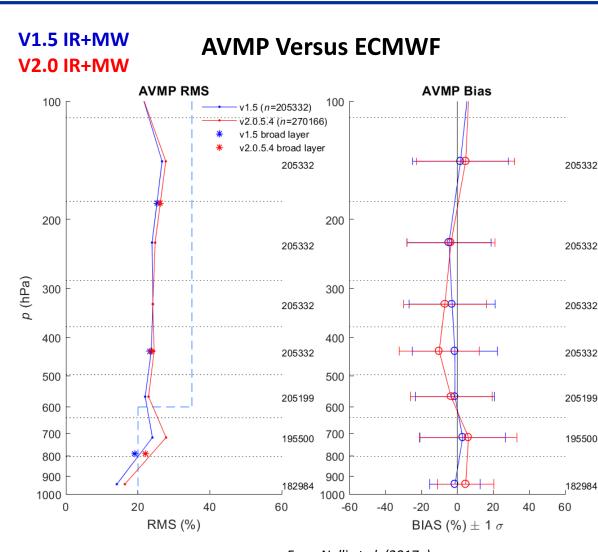
**SNPP NUCAPS Validation** 

# **NUCAPS PHASE 4 V2.0 FSR VALIDATION STATUS**

# NUCAPS v2.0 FSR IR+MW T/H<sub>2</sub>O Coarse-Layer Statistics Global Focus Day 17-Feb-2015







# **NUCAPS v2.0 FSR Ozone Profile Coarse-Layer Statistics Global Focus Day 17-Feb-2015**

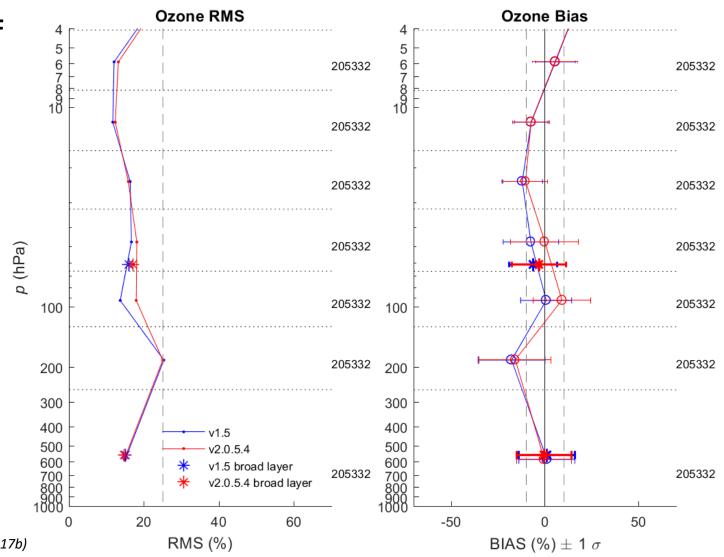




#### **IR Ozone Profile Versus ECMWF**

V1.5 IR+MW V2.0 IR+MW

v1.5 Yield = 63.4% v2.0 Yield = 88.5%

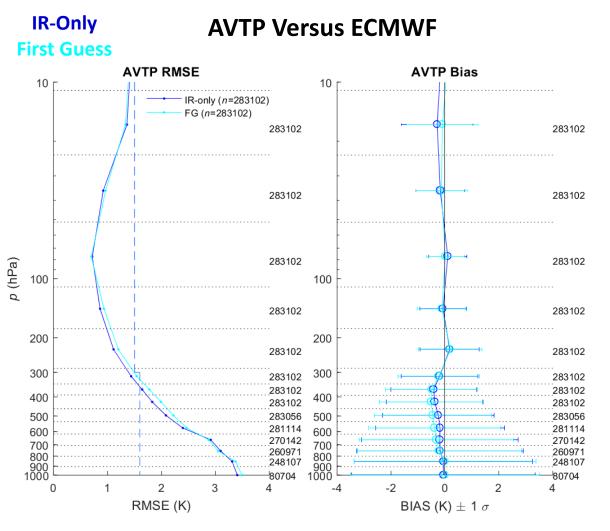


From Nalli et al. (2017b)

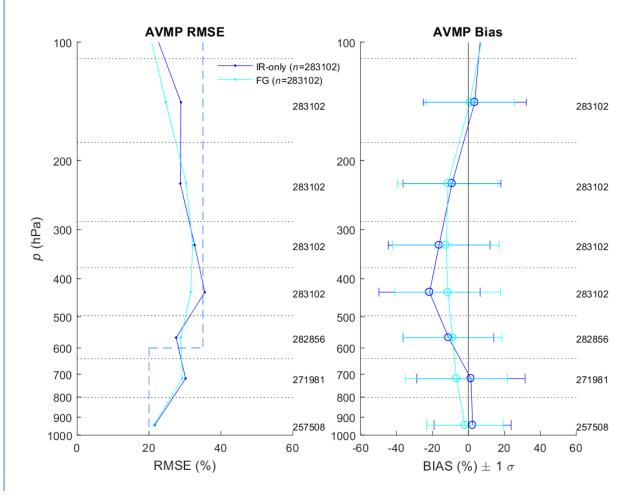
Nalli et al. – Fall 2017 NSSTM

# NUCAPS v2.0 FSR IR-Only T/H<sub>2</sub>O Coarse-Layer Statistics Global Focus Day 17-Feb-2015





#### **AVMP Versus ECMWF**



**IR-Only Yield = 87.4%** 

# **NUCAPS v2.0 FSR IR-Only Ozone Coarse-Layer Statistics Global Focus Day 17-Feb-2015**

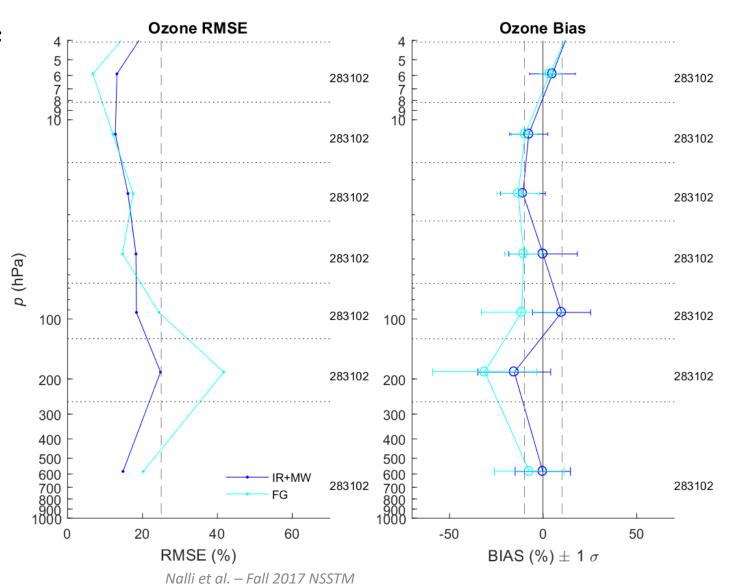




### **IR Ozone Profile Versus ECMWF**

IR-Only
First Guess

**IR-Only Yield = 87.4%** 



# JPSS Dedicated RAOBs (March to July 2017)



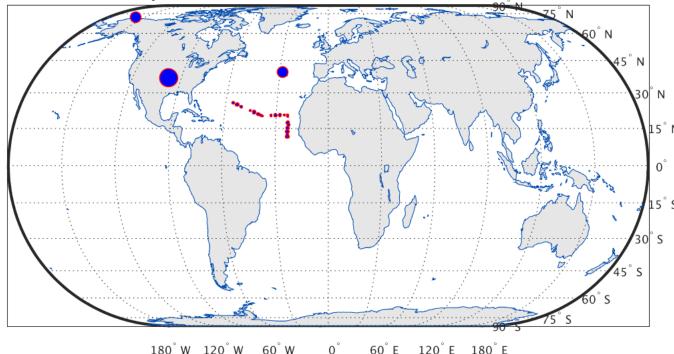


- Full-res CrIS SDRs became operationally available on the STAR Central Data Repository (SCDR) beginning in March 2017
  - We have collected full-res CrIS granule collocations for JPSS dedicated RAOBs since this time
- Atmospheric Radiation
   Measurement (ARM) sites
  - Eastern North Atlantic (ENA)
  - Southern Great Plains (SGP)
  - North Slope of Alaska (NSA)
- 2017 NOAA AEROSE campaign (Nalli et al. 2011)
  - Feb-Mar 2017, tropical Atlantic Ocean
  - Unfortunately, approximately only onehalf the launched RAOBs could thus be utilized

#### **NUCAPS-RAOB Collocations, JPSS Dedicated RAOBs**

 $\delta x = 75 \text{ km}, \, \delta t = -90 \text{ to } +5 \text{ min}$ 

#### valar\_nucaps\_offline\_v2054\_collocation\_file\_raob\_20170629.mat

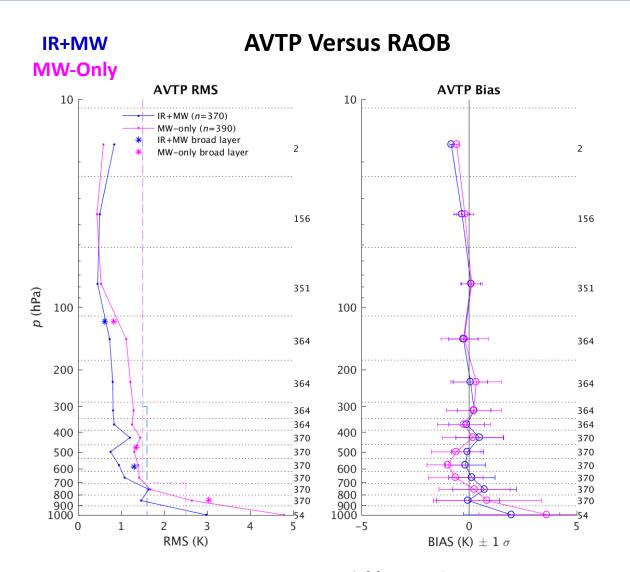


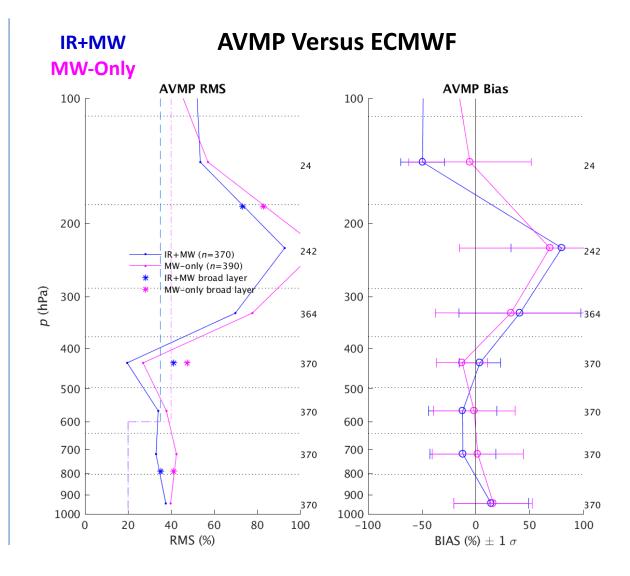
NOAA Ship Ronald H. Brown

Oct 2017 Nalli et al. – Fall 2017 NSSTM

# NUCAPS v2.0 FSR IR+MW T/H<sub>2</sub>O Coarse-Layer Statistics Versus JPSS Dedicated RAOBs







# **NUCAPS EDR Maturity Status**





# S-NPP EDR Validated Maturity Oct. 2016-Current: NUCAPS

Slide courtesy of Lihang Zhou, STAR/JPSS

Sensor	Product	Priority	Validated Maturity Review Date & Status		Review Panel Recommendations
CrIS/ATMS	Atm. Vertical Moisture Profile (AVMP)	3	*	√v	September 2014
CrIS/ATMS	Atm. Vertical Temperature Profile (AVTP)	3	*	√v	September 2014
CrIS/ATMS	Ozone Profile EDR	3	Oct-2016	√v	Panel recommended the following: (1) Work with EMC and NWS on user applications (2) Validate against OMPS NP data (3) Extend validation to more ozonesondes
CrIS	Outgoing Longwave Radiation	3	Oct-2016	√v	Panel recommended the following: (1) Investigate the use of VIIRS for helping to understand the differences between OLR from CrIS and CERES. (2) Compare anomaly events from CERES OLR (e.g. ENSO, MJO) to CrIS OLR data (3) Provide information about how algorithm will be updated to utilize CrIS FS data
CrIS/ATMS	Carbon Monoxide	4	&	√P	Validated Maturity Review for Fall 2017
CrIS/ATMS	Carbon Dioxide	4	&	<b>√</b> P	Validated Maturity Review for Fall 2017
CrIS/ATMS	Methane	4	&	<b>√</b> P	Validated Maturity Review for Fall 2017

<sup>\*</sup>Product reached validated maturity in September 2014.



<sup>&</sup>amp;Product reached provisional maturity in January 2013. NUCAPS Phase IV/Part II ARR completed on July 6, 2017.

# **Summary and Future Work**





- SNPP NUCAPS NSR (v1.5) T/H<sub>2</sub>O/O<sub>3</sub> EDRs meet JPSS global requirements
  - Validated Maturity attained for AVTP/AVMP/O3 EDRs
- Offline NUCAPS Phase 4 FSR (v2.0) has been successfully implemented and tested. Based on Global Focus Day ECMWF model comparison and limited RAOB matchups
  - IR+MW EDR products have attained **Provisional** Maturity
  - IR-Only EDR products have been successfully implemented and show reasonable performance

#### Future Work

- Ongoing NUCAPS development, Cal/Val and Long-Term Monitoring
  - Continue v2.0 algorithm optimizations
  - NUCAPS Trace Gas Validated Maturity Review
  - Ready for JPSS-1 launch
  - Continue support of dedicated RAOBs (including ARM, AEROSE)

#### Other Related Work

- Apply averaging kernels in NUCAPS error analyses, including ozone profile EDR
- Collocation uncertainty estimates
- calc obs analyses (CRTM, LBLRTM, SARTA, etc.)
- Support skin SST EDR validation
- Support EDR user applications (AWIPS, AR/SAL, atmospheric chemistry users)







**SNPP NUCAPS Validation** 

# **THANK YOU! QUESTIONS?**







**SNPP NUCAPS Validation** 

# **EXTRA SLIDES**